# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufactured by:

# Anderson



**Chemical Company** 

325 SOUTH DAVIS AVENUE LITCHFIELD, MINNESOTA 55355 (320) 693-2477



**Product** Name: Reclaim

Revised: 11/24/2008

24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE #: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) Supersedes: 1/8/2007

I. IDENTIFICATION

**Chemical Name And Synonyms:** 

**DOT Shipping Name** 

Not applicable

Alkali

Corrosive Solid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium Metasilicate, Anhydrous)

**Chemical Family:** 

**DOT Hazard Class & I.D. Number** 

PG

Corrosive Material UN3262

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS						
Component	CAS NO.	%	TLV	PEL	Toxic	Hazard
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	30	2 mg/M3	2 mg/M3	NA	Corrosive to skin and eyes.
Sodium dichloroisocyanurate	51580-86-0	3	3mg/M3	3mg/M3	NA	Corrosive to skin and eyes.
Sodium Metasilicate, Anhydrous	6834-92-0	15	Not est.	Not Est.	NA	Irritant to eyes and mucous membranes.
Sodium Carbonate	497-19-8	<15	NE	NE		Irritant to eyes skin, and mucous membranes

<sup>\*\*</sup>Toxic chemical subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR §372). NA: Not applicable NE: Not established

### III. PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point: Not applicable Form: Solid pH, 1% Soln.: 12.5

Specific Gravity: Not applicable Solubility In Water: Complete Appearance: White solid Odor: Not applicable

# IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flashpoint: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: Not applicable.

Special Fire

Fighting Procedures: Although this product is not combustible, if a fire occurs in the near vicinity, good firefighting practice dictates the use of self-contained

breathing apparatus and other protective gear. Cool fire-exposed containers with water. Move fire exposed containers if it can be done

without risk. **Unusual Fire And** 

Explosion Hazards: If the container breaks, the product should be handled with care as it is corrosive.

#### V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Carcinogenic: The raw materials used in this product are not considered to be a carcinogen by ACGIH and OSHA.

Effects Of Over-exposure: Corrosive. Causes irritation (possibly severe), burns to the eyes. May cause permanent eye damage. Causes irritation (possibly

severe), burns to the skin. Causes irritation (possibly severe) to the respiratory tract. Causes irritation (possibly severe), burns, nausea, vomiting to the gastrointestinal tract. The severity of effects depend on concentration and how soon after exposure the area is washed.

**Emergency And First** 

Aid Procedures: Eyes: Flush immediately with water for 15 minutes. Lift upper and lower eyelids for complete rinsing. Get immediate medical attention. Skin: Flush with water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists after rinsing, get medical attention. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.

> Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Give water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to a semi-comatose, comatose, convulsing or unconscious person.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If breathing stops, administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, have a trained person administer oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

Page 2; Product Name: Reclaim

#### VI. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability - Unstable: Stable: X

Conditions To Avoid: Mixing with water, acid or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amounts of heat. Will react with

some metals forming flammable hydrogen gas.

Incompatibility: Acids, halogenated compounds, prolonged contact with aluminum, brass, bronze, copper, lead, tin, zinc or other alkali sensitive

(Materials To Avoid) metals or alloys. Avoid contact with leather, wool, organic nitro compounds. Reacts with strong acids and will yield chlorine gas.

Hazardous

Decomposition Products: At flame temperatures, chlorine gas may be liberated. Toxic fumes of sodium oxide.

#### VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

### Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:

Small spills can be diluted with a large amount of water and flushed to sanitary sewer. For large spills, wear appropriate personal protection equipment. Completely contain spilled material with dikes or sandbags, etc., and prevent run-off into ground or surface waters or sewers. Recover as much material as possible into containers for disposal or reuse. Remaining material may be diluted with water; neutralize chlorine by adding sodium sulfite, sodium bisulfite or sodium thiosulfate; then neutralize alkalinity by adding a dilute acid. Flush spill area with water followed by a liberal covering of sodium bicarbonate. Neutralization products, both solid and liquid, must be recovered for disposal.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

#### VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. If mist level is high, wear NIOSH approved respirator.

Ventilation: Should be adequate to keep mist level below the TLV.

**Protective Gloves:** Natural rubber, neoprene or nitrile gloves should be worn.

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles, face shield if appropriate.

Protective Clothing: In situations where contact with can be anticipated, protective clothing should be worn.

# IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

#### **Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:**

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear appropriate protective clothing/equipment. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labeled. Safety shower and eyewash stations should be provided in the areas where this product is handled. Containers that have been emptied will retain product residue and should be handled as if they were full.

Other Precautions: Not applicable.

## X. REVISED INFORMATION

MSDS Status: Supplier update

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within ANDERSON Chemical Company. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and these opinions and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of ANDERSON Chemical Company, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.